

Clues

1: Perpetuating Inequalities: AI systems can continue to support and even amplify existing social inequalities by reinforcing stereotypes and unfair practices that are already present in our society. For example, if an AI system is trained on data that includes biased information, it might make decisions that favor certain groups over others, thereby perpetuating discrimination and inequality.

2: Data Issues: AI systems can make decisions based on incomplete, biased, or unrepresentative data, leading to incorrect and potentially harmful outcomes. This happens because the data used to train these systems might not include a diverse range of experiences and perspectives. As a result, the AI might not accurately reflect the diversity of the population, leading to decisions that are not fair or accurate for everyone.

3. Unfair Treatment: AI systems can cause unfair treatment of certain groups by disproportionately impacting marginalized communities and making existing disparities worse. For instance, if an AI system is used in hiring processes and it has been trained on data that reflects past hiring biases, it might unfairly favor certain candidates over others, leading to unequal opportunities and further marginalizing already disadvantaged groups.